

lic against their practices. It has grappled with the questions of drunkenness and gambling, and no one has complained that the freedom of the individual is incompatible with legislative restrictions on these vices. "Why should there be any more outcry if the government should seek to protect the people against the swindling practices of the quacks?" Several flagrant instances of the latter are cited.

LONDON LETTER.

Yellow Fever Expedition to the Amazon.

The Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine proposes to dispatch a second yellow fever expedition to the Amazon to investigate still further this disease. It may be remembered that the late Dr. Myers was selected by the school with Dr. Herbert Durham to undertake an expedition to Para to investigate the disease a few years ago. They were both attacked by the fever and Dr. Myers died. The expedition will probably start at the end of the year.

Correspondence.

The Alma Sanitarium and Dr. Butler.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11, 1904.

To the Editor:—As former medical superintendent of the Alma Springs Sanitarium, Alma, Mich., I desire emphatically to deny certain reports to the effect that there were unpleasant and unsatisfactory relations existing between the sanitarium company and myself. I have nothing but commendable words to say of the institution, its management and of Dr. Raymond C. Turck, its present medical superintendent and business manager. He is a well-qualified physician and surgeon, and the institution is everything that is claimed for it.

GEO. F. BUTLER, M.D.

Queries and Minor Notes.

ANONYMOUS COMMUNICATIONS will not be noticed. Queries for this column must be accompanied by the writer's name and address, but the request of the writer not to publish his name will be faithfully observed.

SECRET METHODS OF TREATMENT.

EL PASO, TEXAS, Oct. 29, 1904.

To the Editor:—Kindly tell me through your columns what, if any, standing the "Ensor" treatment for inebriety has with the medical profession. I understand it is a secret system of treatment, and therefore inimical to the best interests of our profession. 2. Would a doctor hired by the company to administer this treatment, and who is giving the treatment, knowing it to be a secret form of treatment, i. e., administering drugs the nature of which he is ignorant, be eligible to membership in an affiliated society of the American Medical Association, a county society, for example?

X. Y. Z.

ANSWER.—1. We know nothing of it. 2. Not if the members of the county society to which he applies do their duty to themselves and to the profession.

TENTS AND HOUSES FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

LOWELL, IND., Nov. 10, 1904.

To the Editor:—Where may I find plans for an adequate frame building for the outdoor treatment of a tubercular patient? Where may a suitable tent be obtained for the same purpose?

A. J. WILLITS.

ANSWER.—An illustrated description of a frame building for consumptives appeared in *THE JOURNAL*, May 7, 1904, p. 1232; an excellent tent was fully described and illustrated in *THE JOURNAL*, Dec. 26, 1903, and methods of adapting porches for this purpose are illustrated in the *Illinois Medical Journal* (Springfield), October, 1904. Further, some tents are mentioned in the report of the Maryland Tuberculosis Exposition, described in *THE JOURNAL*, Feb. 6, 1904, p. 391. You ask for plans. None of the above gives what are called architects' plans. Such are probably unnecessary because of the simplicity of the building. Any carpenter competent to take charge of the erection of such a building can draw sufficient diagrams.

PRIVATE PRACTICE BY SURGEONS OF THE ARMY, ETC.

To the Editor:—1. Is a medical officer of the United States Army or of the United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service legally qualified, without having complied with the special medical

laws of the state or territory wherein he may be stationed, to engage in private practice? 2. Is it customary to treat such officers as legally qualified practitioners and to allow them to engage in private practice without undergoing the examination? 3. Is such an officer eligible to membership in an affiliated society without having complied with such state or territorial laws? X.

ANSWER.—1. No, unless the laws of the particular state make an exception in such cases. 2. Yes, this custom is very general in states whose laws do not provide for the case. When a physician leaves one of the services he is, we suppose, treated as an ordinary physician, subject to examination. 3. Officers of the medical departments of the Army, of the Navy and of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service are eligible to membership as such.

DURATION OF LICENSE TO PRACTICE.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9, 1904.

To the Editor:—1. Does a license to practice in Indiana, granted in 1895, entitle the holder to practice in that state now without an examination? 2. Give address of secretary of the American Confederation of Reciprocating Examining and Licensing Medical Boards.

T.

ANSWER.—1. Yes. 2. Dr. B. D. Harrison, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

BOOKS ON CLIMATOLOGY.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 13, 1904.

To the Editor:—Kindly inform me of the names and where I may obtain the latest and best books on climatology?

A. C. REMINGTON.

ANSWER.—This query was answered in *THE JOURNAL*, March 19, 1904, p. 784.

Marriages.

BURTON WELLER, M.D., Toledo, Ohio, to Miss Edna Myers of Tiffin, Ohio, November 1.

BENJAMIN DORES PARISH, M.D., to Miss Helen Griffith, both of Philadelphia, November 16.

EVERETT H. BUTTERFIELD, M.D., Ottawa, Ill., to Miss Letitia Rothwell, in Chicago, November 3.

FREDERICK L. OSGOOD, M.D., to Miss Blanche M. Osgood, both of Saxton's River, Vt., October 26.

CLARENCE B. WEAN, M.D., Lorain, Ohio, to Miss Edith Anna Griswold of Kinsman, Ohio, October 12.

FRANK CLIFFORD CARLE, M.D., Garrison, Iowa, to Miss Georgia Wilson of Weltman, Iowa, October 7.

ORA K. MCKITTRICK, M.D., to Miss Susette Harper of Plainville, Ind., at Terre Haute, Ind., November 3.

BRUCE B. EVERALL, M.D., Monona, Iowa, to Miss Myrtle Trumpler of Des Moines, Iowa, November 16.

HARRY JACOB JONES, M.D., North English, Iowa, to Miss M. Gertrude Downing of Wellman, Iowa, November 9.

CLARENCE JOSEPH McCUSKER, M.D., Portland, Ore., to Miss Clare Alena Campbell of West Newton, Iowa, October 26.

Deaths.

DeWitt Clinton Wade, M.D. Albany (N. Y.) Medical College, 1860, of Holly, Mich., a member of the American Medical Association; given an honorary degree by the University of Michigan in 1902; local surgeon of the Grand Trunk Railway; superintendent of the Holly Hospital; member and acting president of the Oakland County Medical Society; member of the Michigan State Medical Society, died in a hospital at Flint, Mich., from appendicitis, after operation, November 4, aged 68.

William H. Huntington, M.D. University of Vermont, Burlington, 1881, a member of the American Medical Association; for several years brigade surgeon in the Vermont National Guard, and surgeon general on the staff of Governor Stickney; president of the Vermont State Medical Society in 1900, died at his home in Rochester, Vt., from appendicitis, November 7, after an illness of three days, aged 47.

James Anthony Dibrell, M.D. Department of Medicine University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, 1870, a member of the American Medical Association and vice-president in 1901; twice president of the Arkansas Medical Society; a member and once president of the Little Rock Medical Society; for 15 years physician to the Arkansas Deaf Mute Institute; one of the founders of the Medical Department of the University of